Slope Management in Hill Roads & Landslide Mitigation

Time Period	Description of Topic
1st Day	
09:45 – 11:15	Hill Slope across Highways
	 Definition of Highway Slopes Components of Hill Slope across Highways Geological, Geomorphological, Geohydrological, Geotechnical, Ecological/Environmental Interactions and Interrelationships between Slope Components Virgin Slopes
	Highway Cut SlopesManmade Slopes
11:30-13:00 & 14:00- 15:30	Highway Slope vs. Mass Wasting & Instability ➤ Classification of Slope Processes vis-à-vis Slope Types ➤ Conditions, Causes and Factors influencing Mass Movement and Instability on Slope and their Mechanism
15:45-17:15	 Investigations of Hill Slopes & Processes ➤ Geological Investigations- Identification of material, properties and classification ➤ Geomorphological Investigations- Micro and macro features of morphology ➤ Geohydrological Investigations- Surface and Sub-surface Drainage Investigations, Watershed Management ➤ Geotechnical Investigations
2 nd Day	<u> </u>
09:45 – 11:15	Investigations of Hill Slopes & Processes contd
11:30-13:00	Highway Hill Slope Data Base and Inventory ➤ Purpose of database ➤ Inventory methods for preparation of a data base
14:00-15:30	Highway Hill Slope Vulnerability and Risk Assessment ➤ Highway hill slope rating system • Rating criteria for identification and classification of highway slopes • Suitability/vulnerability and potential for hill slope failure ➤ Zonation of slopes • Zonation of highway hill slopes based on their vulnerability classes (methods and applications) • Identification/estimation/calculation of risk due to vulnerable highway hill slopes
15:45-17:15	Highway Slope Monitoring and Forecasting System ➤ Significance of monitoring and forecasting ➤ Methods and application of monitoring including instrumentation and forecasting ➤ Case Study

3 rd Day	
09:45 - 13:00	Highway Hill Slope Protection Structures (Construction & Maintenance)
&	> Stabilization of slopes- Excavation at Top of Slope, General
14:00-17:15	Flattening of Slope, Benching of Slope, Complete Removal of Unstable Mass, Earth Fill at Toe Slope, Rock or Gravel Fill at Toe of Slope Selection of Structures for Protection-Debris Arrestors, Retaining Wall, Breast Wall, Toe Wall, Piles, benching, Filter beds, Easing of
	Slopes, Bitumen/ Asphalt mulching, Chutes and Sloping Aprons, Turfing
	Retaining Structures- Rock and Earth Fill Buttress at Toe of Slope, Cribs or Gravity Retaining Wall, Pile Walls, Caisson Toe of Slope, Barriers at Toe anchored by Tie- Back
	Method of increase of Shear Strength of Soil- Cementation, Freezing, Electro-Osmosis, Compaction, Rock Bolting, Blasting at Toe
	Drainage System
	Application of Geosynthetics for hill slopes stabilisations
	Maintenance of slope protections structures
17:15-17:30	Feedback, Concluding the Programme